RESOL DeltaSol® BS/3

Mounting

Connection

Application examples

Operation

Troubleshooting







DeltaSol® BS/3



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General

Safety advice

Please pay attention to the following safety advice in order to avoid danger and damage to people and property.

Instructions

Attention must be paid to the valid local standards, regulations and directives!

Subject to technical change. Errors excepted.

This manual contains important information about safe and proper usage of this product. Please keep this manual for future reference.

CE-Declaration of conformity

The product complies with the relevant directives and is therefore labelled with the CE mark. The Declaration of Conformity is available upon request, please contact RESOL.



Description of symbols

WARNING!

Warnings are indicated with a warning triangle!

They contain information on how to avoid the danger described.

Signal words describe the danger that may occur, when it is not avoided.

Warning means that injury, possibly life-threatening injury, can occur.

Attention means that damage to the appliance can occur.



Note

Notes are indicated with an information symbol.

→ Arrows indicate instruction steps that should be carried out.

Information about the product

Proper usage

The solar controller is designed for use in solar thermal and heating systems in compliance with the technical data specified in these instructions.

Improper use excludes all liability claims.



Note

Strong electromagnetic fields can impair the function of the controller.

→ Make sure the controller as well as the system are not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.



Overview

- · System-monitoring-display
- Up to 4 Pt1000 temperature sensors
- 3 basic system layouts to choose from
- · Heat quantity measurement
- VBus®
- Function control
- Thermostat function (time controlled)
- Control of the system by ServiceCenter software possible
- User-friendly operation
- · Housing with outstanding design
- Extra-low power consumption



Included with the BS/3:

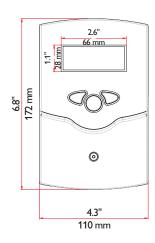
1 × DeltaSol® BS/3

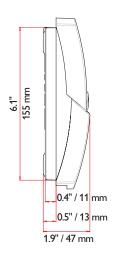
1 × accessory bag

- 1 × spare fuse T4A
- 2 × screws and wall plugs
- 4 × strain relief and screws
- 1 × manual

Additionally enclosed in the full kit:

- 1 × sensor FKP6
- 2 × sensor FRP6





Technical data

Housing: plastic, PC-ABS and PMMA

Protection type: IP 20 / EN 60529

Ambient temp.:

 $0 \dots 40 \, ^{\circ}C$

[32 ... 104 °F]

Size:

172 × 110 × 47 mm

6.8" × 4.3" × 1.9"

Mounting: wall mounting, mounting into patch-panels is possible

Display: System screen for system visualisation, 16-segment display, 7-segment display, 8 symbols for system status and operating control lamp

Operation: by 3 push buttons at the front of the housing

Functions: Differential temperature controller with optional add-on system functions. Function control, operating hours counter for solar pump, evacuated tube collector function, thermostat function, drainback and booster option, and heat quantity measurement.

Inputs:

for 4 Pt1000 temperature sensors

Outputs: 2 semiconductor relays

Bus: VBus®

Power supply:

100 ... 240 V~

Standby power consumption: < 1 W

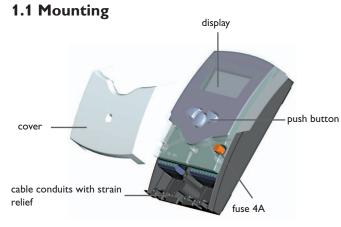
Switching capacities:

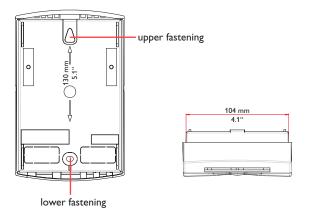
R1:1 (1) A 100 ... 240 V~ (semiconductor relay)

R2:1 (1) A 100 ... 240 V~ (semiconductor relay)



1. Installation





WARNING!

Electric shock!



Opening the housing will expose live parts!

→ Switch off power supply and disconnect the device from power supply before opening the housing!

The unit must only be installed

- in a dry interior location
- in a non-hazardous location
- away from electromagnetic fields

The controller must additionally be supplied from a double-pole switch with contact gap of at least 3 mm [0.12"].

Route sensor cables and power supply cables separately.

- → Unscrew the cross-head screw from the cover and remove it along with the cover from the housing
- → Mark the upper fastening point on the wall and drill
- → Fasten the enclosed wall plug and screw leaving the head protruding
- → Hang the housing from the upper fastening point and mark the lower fastening point through the hole in the terminal box (centers 130 mm [5.1"])
- → Drill and insert the lower wall plug
- → Fasten the housing to the wall with lower fastening screw and tighten
- → Complete wiring connections in accordance with terminal allocations, see chap. 1.2 "Electrical connection"
- → Place the cover back onto the housing
- → Fasten the cover by means of the cross-head screw

1.2 Electrical connection Temp. Sensor Pt1000 S1 S2 S3 S4 VBus 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 VBus® sensor terminal yBus® sensor terminal ground terminals power supply terminals

ATTENTION!

ESD damage!



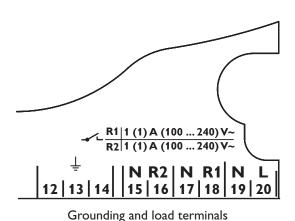
Electrostatic discharge can lead to damage to electronic components!

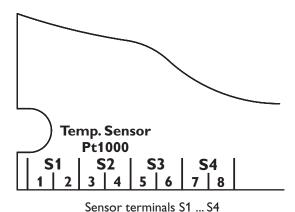
→ Take care to discharge properly before touching the inside of the device. To do so, touch a grounded surface such as a radiator or tap!

Connecting the device to the power supply must always be the last step of the installation!

The power supply to the controller must be carried out via an external power switch (last step!). The supply voltage must be 100 ... 240 V~ (50 ... 60 Hz). Flexible cables must be attached to the housing with the enclosed strain relief and the corresponding screws.







The controller is equipped with 2 semiconductor relays, to which loads such as pumps, valves etc. can be connected:

- Relay 1
 - 18 = conductor R1
 - 17 = neutral conductor N
 - 13 = ground conductor
- Relay 2
 - 16 = conductor R2
 - 15 = neutral conductor N
 - 14 = ground conductor

The **power supply** is to be carried out at the terminals:

- 19 = neutral conductor N
- 20 = conductor L
- 12 = ground terminal



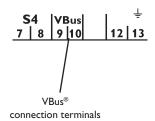
The temperature sensors (S1 up to S4) are to be connected to the following terminals with either polarity:

- 1 / 2 = Sensor 1 (e.g. Sensor collector)
- 3 / 4 = Sensor 2 (e.g. Sensor store)
- 5 / 6 = Sensor 3 (e.g. Sensor store top)
- 7 / 8 = Sensor 4 (e.g. Sensor return)

All Pt1000 temperature sensors are equipped with a platinum measuring element in their tip. The electrical resistance of the measuring element changes in relation to the temperature (see table in chap. 5).

The difference between FKP and FRP type sensors only lies in the cable insulation material. The insulation material of FKP type sensor cables resists a higher temperature, so that FKP type sensors should be used as collector sensors. FRP type sensors are best used as reference sensors in stores or pipes.

1.3 Data communication/ Bus



The controller is equipped with a RESOL **VBus**[®] for data transfer with and energy supply to external modules. The connection is carried out at the terminals marked "VBus" (either polarity). One or more RESOL VBus® modules can be connected via this data bus, such as

- GA3 large display, SD3 smart display
- DL2 datalogger
- VBus®/USB or VBus®/LAN interface adapter
- VBus®/PWM interface adapter
- AM1 alarm module
- WMZ calorimeter module

By means of a DL2 datalogger or an interface adapter, the controller can be connected to a PC or a computer network. With the RESOL ServiceCenter Software (RSC) the controller measurements can be read out, processed and visualised. The software allows easy function control of the system. For the remote parametrisation of the controller, a special software tool will be available for download, soon.



1.4 Terminal allocation in the different system layouts

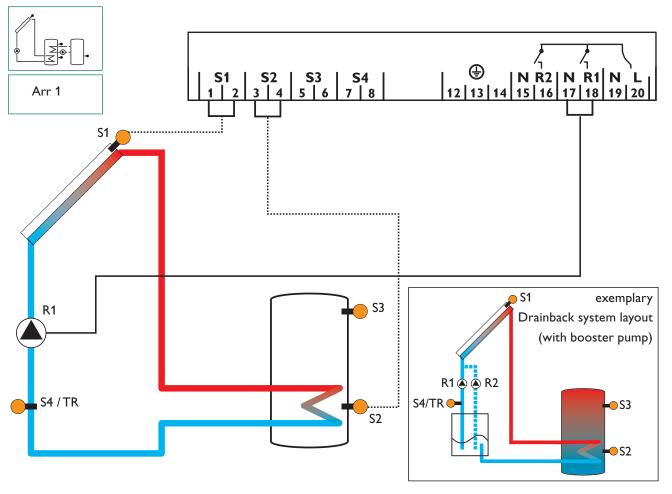
System layout 1

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference (DT O), the solar pump will be operated by relay 1, and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference (DT F) or the maximum store temperature (S MX) is reached.

Sensors S3 and S4 can optionally be connected for measurement purposes.

If heat quantity measurement (OHQM) is activated, sensor S4 has to be connected as return sensor.

If the drainback option (ODB) is activated, relay 2 can be used to operate a booster pump by activating the booster function (OBST).



Display	Display Channels			
Channel		Description	Terminal	Page
INIT	x*	ODB initialisation active	-	19
FLL	x *	ODB filling time active	-	19
STAB	x *	ODB stabilisation in progress	-	19
COL	х	Temperature collector	S1	18
TST	х	Temperature store	S2	18
S3	х	Temperature sensor 3	S3	18
S 4	х	Temperature sensor 4	S4	18
TR	x*	Temperature return sensor	S4	18
hP	х	Operating hours R1	R1	19
hP1	x*	Operating hours R1 (if OBST is activated)	R1	19
hP2	x*	Operating hours R2 (if OBST is activated)	R2	19
kWh	x*	Heat quantity kWh	-	19
MWh	x*	Heat quantity MWh	-	19
TIME	Х	Time	-	16

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Adjustm	Adjustment Channels				
Channel		Description	Factory setting	Page	
Arr	×	System	1	20	
DT O	×	Switch-on temperature difference	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]	20	
DT F	×	Switch-off temperature difference	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]	20	
S MX	×	Maximum store temperature	60 °C [140 °F]	21	
-		Emergency temperature collector	130 °C [270 °F]	21	
EM	X	Emergency temperature collector if ODB is activated:	95 °C [200 °F]	21	
occ	×	Option collector cooling	OFF	22	
CMX	x *	Maximum collector temperature	110 °C [230 °F]	22	
OSYC	×	Option system cooling	OFF	22	
DTCO	x *	Cooling switch-on temperature difference	20.0 K [40.0 °Ra]	22	
DTCF	x *	Cooling switch-off temperature difference	15.0 K [30.0 °Ra]	22	
OSTC	X	Option store cooling	OFF	23	
OHOL	x*	Option holiday cooling	OFF	23	
THOL	x *	Holiday cooling temperature	40 °C [110 °F]	23	
OCN	×	Option minimum limitation	OFF	23	
CMN	x*	Minimum collector temperature	10 °C [50 °F]	23	
OCF	х	Option antifreeze	OFF	23	
CFR	x*	Antifreeze temperature	4.0 °C [40.0 °F]	23	
OTC	х	Option tube collector	OFF	24	
TCST	x *	OTC starting time	07:00	24	
TCEN	x *	OTC ending time	19:00	24	
TCRU	x*	OTC runtime	30 s	24	
TCIN	x*	OTC standstill interval	30 min	24	
OHQM	х	Option heat quantity measurement	OFF	24	
FMAX	x*	Maximum flow	6.0	24	
MEDT	x*	Antifreeze type	1	24	
MED%	x*	Antifreeze concentration (only if MEDT = propylene or ethylene)	45 %	24	
ODB	х	Drainback option	OFF	25	
tDTO	x*	ODB switch-on condition - time period	60 s	25	
tFLL	x*	ODB filling time	5.0 min	25	
tSTB	x *	ODB stabilisation time	2.0 min	25	
OBST	s*	Option booster function	OFF	25	
MAN1	х	Manual operation R1	Auto	26	
MAN2	х	Manual operation R2	Auto	26	
LANG	х	Language	En	26	
UNIT	х	Temperature unit	°C	26	
RESE	х	Reset - back to factory defaults		26	
W003010	00	Version number			

Legend:

Symbol	Specification	
Х	x Channel is available	
x*	Channel is available if the corresponding option is activated.	
s*		



System layout 2

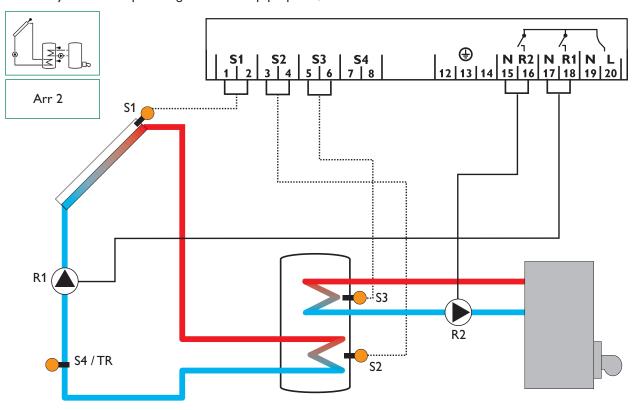
The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference (DT O), the solar pump will be operated by relay 1, and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference (DT F) or the maximum store temperature (S MX) is reached.

Sensor S3 is used for a thermostatic function, which operates relay 2 for backup heating or heat dump purposes,

when the adjusted thermostat switch-on temperature (AH O) is reached. This function can optionally be combined with up to three adjustable time frames.

Sensor S3 can also be optionally used as a reference sensor for the thermal disinfection function OTD.

Sensor S4 can optionally be connected for measurement purposes. If heat quantity measurement (OHQM) is activated, sensor S4 has to be connected as return sensor.



Display Channels				
Channel		Description	Terminal	Page
INIT	x *	ODB initialisation active	-	19
FLL	x *	ODB filling time active	-	19
COL	х	Temperature collector	S1	18
TSTB	х	Temperature store 1 bottom	S2	18
TSTT	х	Temperature store 1 at the top	S3	18
TDIS	s*	Thermal disinfection temperature	S3	18
S 4	х	Temperature sensor 4	S 4	18
TR	x^*	Temperature return sensor	S4	18
h P1	х	Operating hours R1	R1	19
h P2	х	Operating hours R2	R2	19
kWh	x*	Heat quantity kWh	-	19
MWh	x^*	Heat quantity MWh	-	19
CDIS	s*	Countdown of monitoring period	-	19
SDIS	s*	Starting time display	-	19
DDIS	s*	Heating period display	-	19
TIME	х	Time	-	16

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Adjustment Channels				
Channel		Description	Factory setting	Page
Arr	×	System	2	20
DTO	×	Switch-on temperature difference	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]	20
DT F		Switch-off temperature difference	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]	20
SMX		Maximum store temperature	60 °C [140 °F]	21
311/			130 °C [270 °F]	21
EM	x	Emergency temperature collector		21
000		Emergency temperature collector if ODB is activated:	95 °C [200 °F]	
OCC	X	Option collector cooling	OFF	22
CMX	x *	Maximum collector temperature	110 °C [230 °F]	22
OSYC	X	Option system cooling	OFF	22
DTCO	x*	Cooling switch-on temperature difference	20.0 K [40.0 °Ra]	22
DTCF	x*	Cooling switch-off temperature difference	15.0 K [30.0 °Ra]	22
OSTC	х	Option store cooling	OFF	23
OHOL	x *	Option holiday cooling	OFF	23
THOL	x *	Holiday cooling temperature	40 °C [110 °F]	23
OCN	х	Option minimum limitation	OFF	23
CMN	x *	Minimum collector temperature	10 °C [50 °F]	23
OCF	х	Option antifreeze	OFF	23
CFR	x*	Antifreeze temperature	4.0 °C [40.0 °F]	23
ОТС	х	Option tube collector	OFF	24
TCST	x^*	OTC starting time	07:00	24
TCEN	x*	OTC ending time	19:00	24
TCRU	x^*	OTC runtime	30 s	24
TCIN	x*	OTC standstill interval	30 min	24
OHQM	х	Option heat quantity measurement	OFF	24
FMAX	x*	Maximum flow	6.0	24
MEDT	x*	Antifreeze type	1	24
MED%	x*	Antifreeze concentration	45 %	24
AH O	s	Switch-on temp. for thermostat 1	40 °C [110 °F]	10
AH F	s	Switch-off temp. for thermostat 1	45 °C [120 °F]	10
t1 O	s	Switch-on time 1 thermostat	00:00	10
t1 F	s	Switch-off time 1 thermostat	00:00	10
t2 O	s	Switch-on time 2 thermostat	00:00	10
t2 F	s	Switch-off time 2 thermostat	00:00	10
t3 O	s	Switch-on time 3 thermostat	00:00	10
t3 F	s	Switch-off time 3 thermostat	00:00	10
ODB	х	Drainback option	OFF	25
tDTO	x*	ODB switch-on condition - time period	60 s	25
tFLL	x*	ODB filling time	5.0 min	25
OTD	s	Option thermal disinfection	OFF	11
PDIS	s*	Monitoring period	01:00	11
DDIS	s*	Heating period	01:00	11
TDIS	s*	Disinfection temperature	60 °C [140 °F]	11
SDIS	s*	Starting time	00:00	11
MAN1	х	Manual operation R1	Auto	26
MAN2	х	Manual operation R2	Auto	26
LANG	х	Language	En	26
UNIT	х	Temperature unit	°C	26
RESE	×	Reset - back to factory defaults		26
W003010		Version number		

Legend:

Legen	·	
Symb	nbol Specification	
х	Channel is available	
x*	Channel is available if the corresponding option is activated.	
s	Channel is specifically available in this system layout	
s*	System-specific channel, only available if the corresponding option is activated	

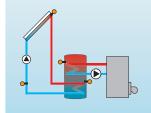


System-specific functions

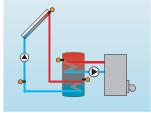
The following functions are exclusively available in system layout 2. The corresponding channels will not be available in any other system layout.

Thermostat function

Backup heating



Use of surplus energy



The thermostat function works independently from the solar operation and can be used for using surplus energy or for backup heating.

- AHO < AHF thermostat function for backup heating
- AHO > AHF thermostat function for using surplus energy

The symbol ① will be shown on the display if the second relay output is activated.

Reference sensor for the thermostat function is S3!

AH O:

Thermostat switch-on temp. Adjustment range: 0.0 ... 95.0 °C [30.0... 200.0 °F] in steps of 0.5 K [1.0 °Ra] Factory setting: 40.0 °C [110.0°F]



AH F:

Thermostat switch-off temp. Adjustment range: 0.0 ... 95.0 °C [30.0... 200.0 °F] in steps of 0.5 K [1.0 °Ra] Factory setting: 45.0 °C [120.0 °F]



t1 O, t2 O, t3 O:

Thermostat switch-on time Adjustment range: 00:00...23:45 Factory setting: 00:00



Thermostat switch-off time Adjustment range: 00:00 ... 23:45 Factory setting: 00:00





In order to block the thermostat function for a certain period, there are three time frames t1 ... t3. If the function should be active between 6:00 and 9:00, set t1 O to 6:00 and t1 F to 9:00.

If all time frames are set to 00:00 o'clock, the thermostat function is continuously activated (factory setting).



Option:Thermal disinfection of the upper DHW zone (OTD)

OTD:

Thermal disinfection function Adjustment range: ON / OFF Factory setting: OFF



PDIS

Monitoring period Adjustment range: 0 ... 30:0 ... 24 h (dd:hh) Factory setting: 01:00



DDIS

Heating period Adjustment range: 00:00 ... 23:59 (hh:mm) Factory setting: 01:00



TDIS

Disinfection temperature Adjustment range: 0 ... 95 °C [30 ... 200 °F] in steps of 1 K [2 °Ra] Factory setting: 60 °C [140 °F]



Thermal disinfection with starting delay

SDIS

Starting time
Adjustment range:
00:00 ... 24:00 (oʻclock)
Factory setting: 00:00



This function is used for protecting the upper store zone against Legionella by activating the backup heating.

Reference sensor for the thermal disinfection is S3!

→ To activate the function, select "On" in the OTD channel.

For thermal disinfection, the temperature in the upper DHW store zone has to be monitored. This protection is ensured when, during the monitoring period (**PDIS**), the disinfection temperature (**TDIS**) is continuously exceeded for the entire heating period (**DDIS**). S3 is used as the reference sensor and displayed as **TSTT**.

If OTD is activated, PDIS will start as soon as the temperature at S3 falls below TDIS. In the display channel CDIS, the remaining time of PDIS is counted backwards. If, during the monitoring period, the temperature at S3 exceeds TDIS continuously for the duration of DDIS, thermal disinfection is considered complete and a new monitoring period begins.

If CDIS counts down to 00:00, relay 2 will be operated in order to use the backup heating for thermal disinfection. CDIS will then be replaced with a display channel DDIS showing the adjusted heating period. DDIS will start counting down the heating period as soon as TDIS is exceeded at S3. As long as DDIS is active, the temperature at S3 will be displayed as TDIS instead of TSTT.

If, during **DDIS**, the temperature at S3 exceeds **TDIS** by more than 5 K [10 $^{\circ}$ Ra], relay 2 is switched off until the temperature falls below **TDIS** + 2 K [4 $^{\circ}$ Ra].

If, during **DDIS**, the temperature at S3 falls below **TDIS**, the heating period will restart. **DDIS** can only be completed when **TDIS** is exceeded without interruption.

Due to the flexible control logic, the exact time of thermal disinfection is not predictable. In order to set a fixed time for the disinfection to be run, the starting delay **SDIS** must be employed:

When a starting time for thermal disinfection with starting delay is adjusted in **SDIS**, the thermal disinfection will be delayed until that time, even after the **CDIS** has counted down to 00:00. If **CDIS** ends, for example, at 12:00 oʻclock, and **SDIS** has been set to 18:30, relay 2 will be operated with a delay of 6.5 hours at 18:30 instead of 12:00.

During the waiting time, **SDIS** is displayed with the adjusted starting time (flashing).

If, during the waiting time, the temperature at S3 exceeds **TDIS** for the adjusted heating period **DDIS**, thermal disinfection is considered complete and a new monitoring period begins.

If the starting time is adjusted to 00:00 (factory setting), the delay function is inactive.

Upon delivery, **OTD** is deactivated. The adjustment values **PDIS**, **TDIS**, **DDIS** and **SDIS** are displayed after the option has been activated. After the thermal disinfection function has been completed, the values will be "hidden" and the monitoring period will be displayed.



System layout 3

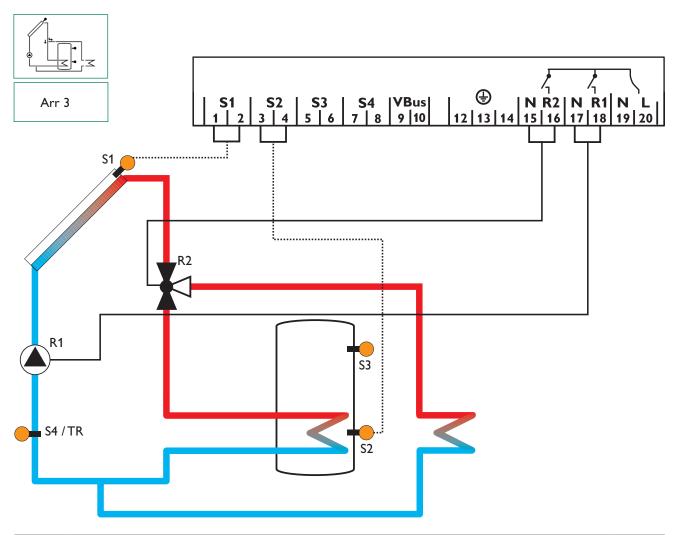
The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference (DT O), the solar pump will be operated by relay 1, and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference (DT F) or the maximum store temperature (S MX) is reached.

If the maximum collector temperature (CMX) is reached, the solar pump will be operated by relay 1 and the 3-way-valve

will be operated by relay 2 in order to direct the surplus energy to a heat dump. For security purpose this will be carried out only if the store temperature is below the non-adjustable emergency shutdown of 95 °C [200 °F].

Sensors S3 and S4 can optionally be connected for measurement purposes.

If heat quantity measurement (OHQM) is activated, sensor S4 has to be connected as return sensor.



Display Channels				
Channel		Description	Terminal	Page
COL	Х	Temperature collector	S1	18
TST	х	Temperature store	S2	18
S3	Х	Temperature sensor 3	S3	18
S 4	Х	Temperature sensor 4	S 4	18
TR	x*	Temperature return sensor	S 4	18
h P1	X	Operating hours R1	R1	19
h P2	х	Operating hours R2	R2	19
kWh	x*	Heat quantity kWh	-	19
MWh	x*	Heat quantity MWh	-	19
TIME	х	Time	-	16

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Adjustment Channels				
Channel		Description	Factory setting	Page
Arr	х	System	3	20
DT O	х	Switch-on temperature difference	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]	20
DT F	х	Switch-off temperature difference	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]	20
S MX	х	Maximum store temperature	60 °C [140 °F]	21
EM	х	Emergency temperature collector	130 °C [270 °F]	21
CMX	s	Maximum collector temperature	110 °C [230 °F]	22
OCN	х	Option minimum limitation	OFF	23
CMN	x*	Minimum collector temperature	10 °C [50 °F]	23
OCF	x	Option antifreeze	OFF	23
CFR	x*	Antifreeze temperature	4.0 °C [40.0 °F]	23
ОТС	х	Option tube collector	OFF	24
TCST	x *	OTC starting time	07:00	24
TCEN	x*	OTC ending time	19:00	24
TCRU	x*	OTC runtime	30 s	24
TCIN	x*	OTC standstill interval	30 min	24
OHQM	х	Option heat quantity measurement	OFF	24
FMAX	x*	Maximum flow	6.0	24
MEDT	x*	Antifreeze type	1	24
MED%	x*	Antifreeze concentration (only if MEDT = propylene or ethylene)	45 %	24
MAN1	х	Manual operation R1	Auto	26
MAN2	х	Manual operation R2	Auto	26
LANG	х	Language	En	26
UNIT	х	Temperature unit	°C	26
RESE	x	Reset - back to factory defaults		26
W00301	00	Version number		

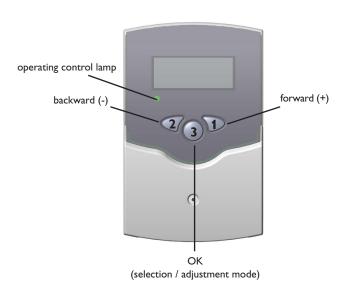
Legend:

Symbol	bol Specification	
Х	Channel is available	
x*	Channel is available if the corresponding option is activated.	
S	Channel is specifically available in this system layout	

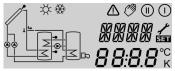
RESOL®

2. Operation and function

2.1 Push buttons



2.2 System monitoring display



system monitoring display



channel display



tool bar

The controller is operated via three push buttons below the display. Button 1 is used for scrolling forward through the indication menu or to increase the adjustment values. Button 2 is used for scrolling backward and reducing values.

During normal operation, only the display channels are shown.

→ Scroll through the display channels by pressing buttons 1 and 2

Accessing the adjustment channels:

→ Scroll down in the display menu and press the forward button (1) for approx. 2 seconds after you have reached the last display item.

When an **adjustment value** is shown on the display, is indicated to the right of the channel name.

→ Press the "Set" button (3) in order to access the adjustment mode

SET starts flashing.

- → Adjust the value using buttons 1 and 2
- → Briefly press button 3, State permanently appears, the adjusted value will be saved.

The system monitoring display consists of three blocks: **channel display, tool bar** and **system screen** (active system layout).

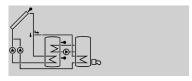
The **channel display** consists of 2 lines. The upper line is an alpha-numeric 16-segment display (text display) for displaying channel names and menu items. In the lower 7-segment display, the channel values and the adjustment parameters are displayed.

Temperatures are either indicated in °F or °C, whereas temperature differences are indicated in K or °Ra respectively. The additional symbols of the **tool bar** indicate the current system status.

Status	standard	flashing
relay 1 active	1	
relay 2 active		
maximum store temperature exceeded	*	
store emergency shutdown active		∆ +☆
collector emergency shutdown active		\triangle
collector cooling active	1	*
system cooling active	\bigcirc	*
store cooling active	⊕+☆	
holiday cooling function activated	*	\triangle
holiday cooling function active	⊕+☆	\triangle
collector minimum limitation active		**
antifreeze function activated	**	
antifreeze function active	1	**
manual operation relay 1 ON	% +(1)	\triangle
manual operation relay 2 ON	∅ +(II)	\triangle
manual operation relay 1 / 2 OFF	9	\triangle
sensor defective	1	\triangle

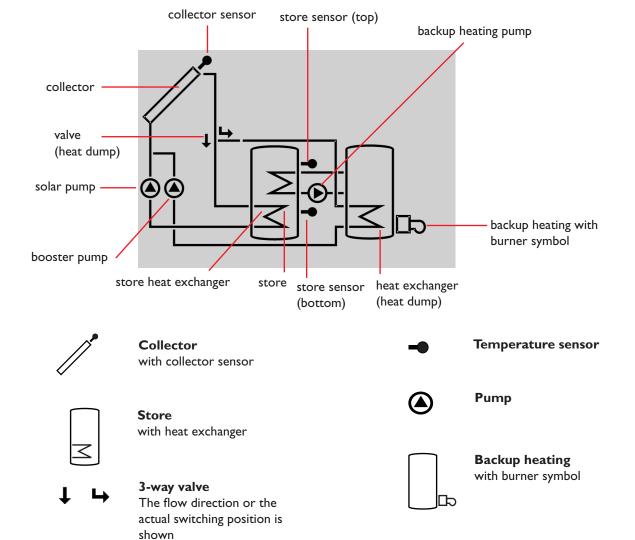


System screen



system screen

The system screen (active system layout) shows the system selected on the controller. It consists of several system component symbols, which are – depending on the current status of the system – either flashing, permanently shown or hidden.



2.3 Flashing codes

System screen flashing codes

- Pumps are flashing when the corresponding relay is switched on
- Sensor symbols are flashing if the corresponding sensor display channel is selected.
- · Sensors are flashing quickly in the case of a sensor fault.
- Burner symbol is flashing if the backup heating is active

LED flashing codes

green: everything OK red/green flashing initialisation phase

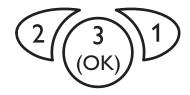
red flashing:

manual operation sensor fault

(sensor symbol is flashing quickly)



3. Commissioning



The three pushbuttons of the BS/3 controller

→ Establish the power supply

During a short initialisation phase, the operating control lamp flashes red and green.

When the controller is commissioned for the first time or after a reset, it will run a commissioning menu. The commissioning menu leads the user through the most important adjustment channels needed for operating the system.

Operating the commissioning menu:

→ Enter the channel by pressing button 3

The **SET** symbol flashes.

- → Adjust the value by pressing buttons 1 and 2
- → Save the adjustment by pressing button 3 again

The symbol stops flashing.

→ Press button 1 or 2 to switch to the next or previous channel

The commissioning menu consists of the following 5 channels:

LANG:

Language selection Selection: dE,En Factory setting: En



1. Language

→ Adjust the desired menu language in this channel

dE : German En : English

UNIT:

Temperature unit selection Selection: °C, °F Factory setting: °C



2. Unit

→ Adjust the unit in which temperatures and temperature differences shall be displayed

TIME:

Real time adjustment



3. Time

→ Adjust the current time for the real time clock

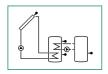
The hours and minutes have to be adjusted separately, first the hours, then the minutes.



Arr:

System layout selection Adjustment range: 1 ... 3 Factory setting: 1







Arr 3



Arr 2

4. System layout

→ Adjust the desired system layout of your solar thermal system

For a detailed description of the different system layouts selectable, see chapter 1.4.

Overview of system layouts:

Arr 1: standard solar system layout

Arr 2: solar system layout with backup heating Arr 3: standard solar system layout with heat dump

If the system layout selection is changed later on, any previous adjustments which have been made in the other channels will be lost. Therefore, changing the system layout is always followed by a security enquiry.

Only confirm the security enquiry if you are sure that

you wish to change the system layout selection!

Security enquiry:



→ To confirm the security enquiry, press button 3

S MX:

Maximum store temp. Adjustment range:

[40 ... 200 °F] 4 ... 95 °C Arr 3:

4 ... 90 °C [40 ... 190 °F] [2 °Ra] in steps of 1 K Factory setting: 60 °C [140 °F]



5. Maximum store temperature

→ Adjust the desired maximum store temperature



Note:

The controller is also equipped with a nonadjustable emergency shutdown function, which will shut the system down if the store reaches 95 °C [200 °F].

Confirmation enquiry



Completing the commissioning menu

After the last channel of the commissioning menu has been adjusted and confirmed, the controller asks for confirmation of the adjustments.

→ To confirm the adjustments made in the commissioning menu, press button 3

Now the controller is ready for operation with typical settings to suit the selected system layout.

The settings made in the commissioning menu can be changed later on in the corresponding adjustment channels. Additional functions and options can of course be individually adjusted as well (see chap. 4.2).



4. Channel overview

4.1 Display channels

Indication of drainback time periods

Initialisation

INIT:

ODB initialisation active

INIT SA

Filling time

FLL:

ODB filling time active

FLL

Stabilisation

STAB:

Stabilisation

STRRממיכמ

The displayed values and adjustment channels depend on which system layout, which options and functions have been selected. Only values and adjustment channels available for the individual settings selected will appear in the menu.

Indicates the time adjusted in tDTO, running backwards.

Indicates the time adjusted in tFLL, running backwards.

Indicates the time adjusted in tSTB, running backwards (Arr = 1 only).

Indication of collector temperature

COL:

Collector temperature Display range: -40...+260 °C

[-40...+500 °F]

Indicates the current collector temperature.

Indication of store temperatures

TST, TSTB, TSTT, TDIS:

Store temperatures

Display range: -40...+260 °C

[-40...+500 °F]

Indicates the current store temperature.

TST: store temperature

TSTB: store temperature bottom

TSTT: store temperature top

thermal disinfection temperature (replaces TSTT if, during thermal disinfection, the heating period DDIS is active)

TSTB, TSTT and TDIS are available in system layout 2 (Arr = 2) only.

Indication of sensors 3 and 4

S3, S4:

Sensor temperatures Display range: -40...+260 °C

[-40...+500 °F]

384°

Indicates the current temperature of the corresponding additional sensor (without control function).

: temperature sensor 3 (Arr = 1 and 3 only)

 S4 : temperature sensor 4

S3 and S4 will only be indicated if the temperature sensors are connected.

Indication of return temperature

TR:

Return temperature

Display range: -40...+260 °C

[-40...+500 °F]

If heat quantity measurement is active, the temperature at the sensor 4 is indicated as TR.



kWh/MWh: Heat quantity in kWh / MWh Display channel

KWh 🖼

53115

17:30

111115

00:59

Indicates the energy gained in heat quantity – only available if heat quantity measurement (OHQM) is activated.

The flow rate as well as the reference sensors S1 (flow) and S4 (return) are used for calculating the heat quantity supplied. It is shown in kWh in the channel **kWh** and in MWh in the channel **MWh**. The overall heat quantity results from the sum of both values.

The accumulated heat quantity can be reset. As soon as one of the display channels of the heat quantity is selected, the symbol is permanently shown on the display.

→ Press button SET (3) for about 2 seconds in order to access the RESET mode of the counter.

The display symbol state will flash and the heat quantity value will be set to 0.

→ In order to finish this process, press the St button to confirm.

In order to interrupt the RESET process, no button should be pressed for about five seconds. The controller automatically returns to the display mode.

If the thermal disinfection option (OTD) is activated and the monitoring period is in progress, the remaining monitoring time will be displayed as CDIS (in days and hours) and counted backwards.

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTD**) is activated and a starting delay time has been adjusted, the adjusted delay time is displayed (flashing) in this channel.

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTD**) is activated and the heating period is in progress, the remaining time of the heating period is displayed (in hours and minutes) in this channel, counting backwards.

Indicates the actual time.

Press the state button for 2 seconds in order to adjust the hours. Press it again in order to adjust the minutes. Set the time by pressing buttons 1 and 2. Press the state button in order to save the adjustment.

The operating hours counter accumulates the solar operating hours of the respective relay (h P / h P1 / h P2). Full hours are displayed.

The accumulated operating hours can be set back to 0.As soon as one operating hours channel is selected, the symbol **SET** is displayed.

→ In order to access the RESET-mode of the counter, press the SET button (3) for approx. 2 seconds.

The display symbol state will flash and the operating hours will be set to 0.

→ Confirm the reset with the **SET** button in order to finish the reset.

In order to interrupt the RESET-process, do not press a button for about five seconds. The display returns to the display mode.

CDIS

Countdown of monitoring period
Display range:
0 ... 30:0 ... 24 (dd:hh)

SDIS

Starting time display Display range: 00:00 ... 24:00 (hh:mm)

DDIS

Heating period display Display range: 00:00 ... 24:00 (hh:mm)

TIME BE

TIME

Operating hours counter h P / h P1 / h P2:

Operating hours counter
Display channel





4.2 Adjustment channels

System layout selection

Arr:

System layout selection. Adjustment range: 1 ... 3 Factory setting: 1



Security enquiry:



In this channel, a pre-defined system layout can be selected. Each system layout has a set of pre-programmed settings that can be individually changed.

If the system layout selection is changed later on, all adjustments made in the other channels will be lost. Therefore, changing the system layout is always followed by a security enquiry.

Only confirm the security enquiry if you are sure that you wish to change the system layout selection!

The controller works as a standard differential controller. If the switch-on difference is reached, the pump is activated.

When the temperature difference falls below the adjusted

switch-off temperature difference, the relay switches off.

→ To confirm the security enquiry, press button 3

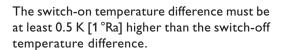
Δ T-regulation

DT O:

Switch-on temperature diff.
Adjustment range:
1.0 ... 20.0 K
[2.0 ... 40.0°Ra]
in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra]
Factory setting:
6.0 K [12.0°Ra]



Note:



DT F:

Switch-off temperature diff.
Adjustment range:
0.5 ... 19.5 K
[1.0 ... 39.0°Ra]
in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra]
Factory setting:
4.0 K [8.0°Ra]



Note:

When the drainback option **ODB** is activated, the temperature differences **DT O** and **DT F** are set to a fixed adjustment:

DTO = 10 K [20 °Ra] DTF = 4 K [8 °Ra]

Previous adjustments made in these channels will be overridden and may have to be entered again if **ODB** is deactivated later on.



Maximum store temperature

S MX:

Maximum store temp.
Adjustment range:

4 ... 95 °C

[40 ... 200 °F]

Arr 3:

 $4 ... 90 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ [$40 ... 190 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$] in steps of 1 K [$2 \,^{\circ}\text{Ra}$]

Factory setting:

60 °C [140 °F]

Once the adjusted maximum temperature is exceeded, the solar pump is switched off and further loading of the store is prevented to reduce scald risk or system damage. A fixed hysteresis of 2 K [4 °Ra] is set for the maximum store temperature.

When the temperature at the sensor 2 exceeds the adjusted maximum store temperature, the *symbol is shown on the display.



Note:

If the collector cooling or the system cooling function is activated, the adjusted store temperature may be overridden. In order to prevent system damage, the controller is also equipped with a non-adjustable emergency shutdown if the store reaches 200 °F [95 °C].

Collector temperature limitation Emergency shutdown of the collector

EM:

Collector temperature limitation Adjustment range:

80 ... 200 °C [170...390 °F]

in steps of 1 K [2 °Ra]

Factory setting:

130 °C [270 °F]



5 MX sau

If the adjusted collector emergency shutdown temperature \mathbf{EM} is exceeded, the controller switches off the solar pump (R1) in order to protect the system against overheating (collector emergency shutdown). A hysteresis of 10 K [20 °Ra] is set for the collector temperature limitation. While the collector is in emergency shutdown, \triangle (flashing) is shown on the display.



Note:

If the drainback option **ODB** is activated, the adjustment range of **EM** is changed to 80 ... 120°C [170 ... 250 °F]. The factory setting in that case is 95 °C [200 °F].

WARNING!



Danger of injury and system damage through pressure surges! If water is used as a heat transfer medium in a pressure-less system, the water will start boiling at 100 °C [212 °F].

→ If a pressure-less drainback system is used with water as a heat transfer medium, do not adjust the collector temperature limitation EM to more than 95 °C [200 °F]!



Cooling functions

In the following the three cooling functions - collector cooling, system cooling and store cooling - are described in detail. The following notes are valid for all three cooling functions:



Note:

The cooling functions will not become active as long as solar loading is possible.

Collector cooling function

OCC:

Option collector cooling Adjustment range: OFF/ON Factory setting: OFF



CMX:

Maximum collector temp. Adjustment range: 70 ... 160 °C [150...320 °F] in steps of 1 K [1 °Ra] Factory setting: 110 °C [230 °F]



When the collector cooling function is activated, the controller aims to keep the collector at an operational temperature.

When the adjusted maximum store temperature is reached, solar loading stops. If the collector temperature increases to the adjusted maximum collector temperature, the solar pump is activated until the collector temperature falls at least 5 K [10 °Ra] below the maximum collector temperature. The store temperature may increase (subordinate active maximum store temperature), but only up to 95 °C [200°F] (emergency shutdown of the store).

If the collector cooling function is active, \bigcirc and * (flashing) is shown on the display.



This function will only be available if the system cooling function (OSYC) is deactivated.



In system layout 3, the parameter CMX is available without the OCC function. In system layout 3, CMX is used to set the activation temperature for the heat dump function. No other switch-on condition is needed in that case.

System cooling function

OSYC:

Option system cooling Adjustment range: OFF/ON Factory setting: OFF



DTCO:

Switch-on temperature diff. Adjustment range: 1.0 ... 30.0 K [2.0 ... 60.0 °Ra] in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra] Factory setting: 20.0 K [40.0°Ra]



DTCF:

Switch-off temperature diff. Adjustment range: 0.5 ... 29.5 K [1.0 ... 59.0 °Ra] in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra] Factory setting: 15.0 K [30.0°Ra]



When the system cooling function is activated, the controller aims to keep the solar system operational for a longer time. The function overrides the maximum store temperature to provide thermal relief of the collector field and the heat transfer fluid on hot days.

If the store temperature is higher than the maximum store temperature **S MX** and the switch-on temperature difference **DTCO** is reached, the solar system remains activated. Solar loading is continued until either the store temperature reaches 95 °C [200 °F] (emergency shutdown of the store), the temperature difference falls below the adjusted value **DTCF** or the collector emergency shutdown temperature EM is reached.

If the system cooling function is active, \bigcirc and * (flashing) is shown on the display.



Note:

This function will only be available if the collector cooling function (OCC) is deactivated.



Store cooling function

OSTC:

Store cooling option
Adjustment range: OFF/ON
Factory setting: OFF



OHOL:

Holiday cooling option Adjustment range: OFF/ON Factory setting: OFF



THOL:

Holiday cooling temperature Adjustment range: 20 ... 80 °C [70 ... 175 °F] in steps of 1 K [1 °Ra] Factory setting: 40 °C [110 °F]



When the store cooling function is activated, the controller aims to cool down the store during the night in order to prepare it for solar loading on the following day.

If the adjusted maximum store temperature **S MX** is exceeded and the collector temperature falls below the store temperature, the system will be reactivated in order to cool down the store. Cooling will continue until the store temperature has fallen below the adjusted maximum store temperature **S MX** again. A fixed hysteresis of 2 K [4 °Ra] is set for this function.

Reference threshold temperature differences for the store cooling function are **DT O** and **DT F**.

If no DHW consumption is expected for a longer period of time, the additional holiday cooling option **OHOL** can be activated in order to extend the store cooling function. The adjustable temperature **THOL** then replaces the maximum store temperature **S MX** as a switch-off temperature for the store cooling function.

When the holiday cooling function is activated, # and \triangle (flashing) are shown on the display.

While the holiday cooling function is active, \bigcirc , * and \triangle (flashing) are shown on the display.

Collector minimum limitation option

OCN:

Collector minimum limitation Adjustment range: OFF / ON Factory setting: OFF



CMN:

Collector minimum temp.
Adjustment range:
10 ... 90 °C
[50...190 °F]
in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra]
Factory setting:
10 °C [50 °F]



If the collector minimum limitation option is activated, the pump (R1) is only switched on if the adjustable collector minimum temperature is exceeded. The minimum temperature prevents the pump from being switched on too often at low collector temperatures. A fixed hysteresis of 5 K [10 $^{\circ}$ Ra] is set for this function

If the collector minimum limitation is active, % (flashing) is shown on the display.



Note:

If **OSTC** or **OCF** is active, the collector minimum function will be overridden. In that case, the collector temperature may fall below **CMN**.

Antifreeze option

OCF:

Antifreeze function Adjustment range: OFF / ON Factory setting: OFF



Antifreeze temperature Adjustment range: -40.0 ... +10.0 °C [-40.0 ... +50.0 °F] in steps of 0.5 K [1 °Ra] Factory setting: 4.0 °C [40.0 °F]





The antifreeze function activates the loading circuit between the collector and the store when the temperature falls below the adjusted antifreeze temperature. This will protect the fluid against freezing or coagulating. If the adjusted antifreeze temperature is exceeded by 1 K [2 °Ra], the loading circuit will be deactivated.

When the antifreeze function is activated, $\frac{1}{2}$ is shown on the display. If the antifreeze function is active, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ (flashing) are shown on the display.



Note:

Since this function uses the limited heat quantity of the store, the antifreeze function should be used in regions with few days of temperatures around the freezing point.

The antifreeze function will be suppressed if the store temperature falls below 5 $^{\circ}$ C [40 $^{\circ}$ F] in order to protect the store from frost damage.



Evacuated tube collector function

OTC:

Evacuated tube collector function
Adjustment range: OFF/ON Factory setting: OFF



TCST:

Tube collector function starting time Adjustment range: 00:00...23:45 in steps of 00:15 Factory setting: 07:00



TCEN:

Tube collector function ending time Adjustment range: 00:00 ...23:45 in steps of 00:15 Factory setting: 19:00



Tube collector function runtime
Adjustment range: 5 ... 500 s in steps of 5 s
Factory setting: 30 s



TCIN:

TCRU:

Tube collector function standstill interval Adjustment range: 1 ... 60 min in steps of 1 min Factory setting: 30 min



Heat quantity measurement OHQM:

Heat quantity measurement Adjustment range: OFF/ON Factory setting: OFF

FMAX: Flow rate in I/min Adjustment range: 0.5 ... 100.0 in steps of 0.5 Factory setting: 6.0

MEDT: Heat transfer fluid Adjustment range: 0 ... 3 Factory setting: 1

MED%: Antifreeze ratio in Vol-% (MED% is hidden when MEDT 0 or 3 is used.) Adjustment range: 20...70 in steps of 1 % Factory setting: 45







ME_]]% === **45** This function helps overcome the disadvantages caused by the non-ideal sensor position with some tube collectors.

This function operates within an adjusted time frame (beginning at **TCST** and ending at **TCEN**). It activates the collector circuit pump for an adjustable runtime **TCRU** between adjustable standstill intervals **TCIN** in order to compensate for the delayed temperature measurement.

If the runtime **TCRU** is set to more than ten seconds, the pump will be run at 100 % for the first ten seconds of the runtime. For the remaining runtime, the pump will be run at the adjusted minimum speed **nMN**.

If the collector sensor is defective or the collector is blocked, this function is suppressed or switched off.



Note:

If the drainback option **ODB** is activated, **TCRU** will not be available. In that case, the runtime is determined by the parameter **tFLL** (parameters **tFLL** and **tSTB** in Arr = 1).

WARNING!



Danger of injury and system damage through pressure surges! If a drainback system is filled due to the tube collector function and the heat transfer medium enters very hot collectors, pressure surges can occur.

→ If a pressure-less drainback system is used, TCST and TCEN must be adjusted such that the system will not be filled during times of potentially strong irradiation!

If OHQM is activated, the heat quantity gained can be calculated and displayed. Heat quantity measurement is possible if a flowmeter is used. To enable heat quantity measurement, proceed as follows:

- → Read the flow rate (I/min) from the flowmeter and adjust it in the **FMAX** channel
- → Adjust the heat transfer fluid and the concentration of the antifreeze in the channels MEDT and MED%.

Heat transfer fluid:

- 0: Water
- 1 : Propylene glycol
- 2 : Ethylene glycol
- 3: Tyfocor® LS / G-LS

i

Note:

If the system layout 3 has been selected and **OHQM** is activated, heat quantity measurement will be interrupted when the 3-way-valve switches to the heat dump.



A drainback system permits the heat transfer fluid to drain

back into the holding store when solar energy is not coll-

ected. The drainback option will initiate the filling of the

If the drainback option **ODB** is activated, the pump will operate for the adjusted filling time **tFLL** in order to fill

the system with fluid from the holding store. In system layout 1, the switch-off conditions will then be ignored for

the stabilisation time **tSTB** in order to avoid the system

If the function is activated, the menu items described in the

following (tDTO, tFLL and tSTB) have to be adjusted:

When the drainback option **ODB** is activated,

the temperature differences DT O and DT F

are set to a fixed adjustment. Additionally, the

adjustment range and the factory setting of the

collector emergency shutdown temperature

EM changes (see the corresponding channel

Previous adjustments made in these channels will

be overridden and have to be entered again if

descriptions for further information).

The parameter **tDTO** is used for adjusting the time period

during which the switch-on condition DT O must be per-

ODB is deactivated later on.

system when solar loading begins.

from shutting down prematurely.

Note:

manentely fulfilled.

Drainback option



Note:

A drainback system layout requires additional components such as a holding store. The drainback option should only be activated if all components required are properly installed.



Note:

The drainback option is only available in system layouts 1 and 2.

ODB:

Drainback option
Adjustment range: OFF/ON
Factory setting: OFF



Note:

When the drainback option **ODB** is activated, the cooling functions **OCC**, **OSYC** and **OSTC** as well as the antifreeze function **OCF** are not available.

If OCC, OSYC, OSTC or OCF have already been activated before, they will be deactivated again as soon as ODB is activated. They will remain deactivated, even if ODB is deactivated later on.

Time period - switch-on conditions

tDTO:

Time period switch-on conditions Adjustment range: 1 ... 100 s

in steps of 1 s
Factory setting: 60 s



Filling time

tFLL:

Filling time
Adjustment range:
1.0 ... 30.0 min
in steps of 0.5 min
Factory setting: 5.0 min



The filling time can be adjusted using the parameter **tFLL**.

Stabilisation

tSTB:

Stabilisation
Adjustment range:
1.0 ... 15.0 min
in steps of 0.5 min
Factory setting: 2.0 min



Booster function option

OBST:

Booster function Adjustment range: ON / OFF Factory setting: OFF



The parameter **tSTB** is used for adjusting the time period during which the switch-off condition **DT F** will be ignored after the filling time has ended (Arr = 1 only).

This function is used for switching on a second pump when filling the solar system. When solar loading starts, R2 is energised in parallel to R1. After the filling time (**tFLL**) has ended, R2 is switched off.



Note:

The booster function is available in system layout 1 (Arr = 1) only.

The booster function will only be available if the drainback option has been activated.



Operating mode MAN1 / MAN2:

Operating mode Adjustment range: OFF, Auto, ON Factory setting: Auto MAN Isa

For control and service work, the operating mode of the controller can be manually adjusted. For this purpose, select the adjustment value **MAN1** / **MAN2** in which the following adjustments can be made:

MAN1 / MAN2

Operating mode

OFF : relay off ⚠ (flashing) + ♥
Auto : relay in automatic operation
ON : relay on ⚠ (flashing) + ♥



Note:

Always adjust the operating mode back to "Auto" when the control and service work is completed. Normal operation is not possible in manual mode.

Language

LANG:

Language selection Selection: dE,En Factory setting: En



The menu language can be adjusted in this channel.

dE : GermanEn : English

Unit UNIT:

Temperature unit selection Selection: °C, °F Factory setting: °C



In this adjustment channel, the display unit for temperatures and temperature differences can be chosen. The unit can be switched between $^{\circ}C$ / K and $^{\circ}F$ / $^{\circ}Ra$ during operation. Temperatures and temperature differences in $^{\circ}F$ and $^{\circ}Ra$ are displayed without units. If the indication is set to $^{\circ}C$, the units are displayed with the values.

Reset

RESE

Reset function



By using the reset function, all adjustments will be set back to the factory settings.

→ To initiate a reset, press button 3

Any previous adjustments will be lost. Therefore, initiating the reset function is always followed by a security enquiry.

Only confirm the security enquiry if you are sure that you wish to reset all adjustments to the factory settings!

Security enquiry:



→ To confirm the security enquiry, press button 3

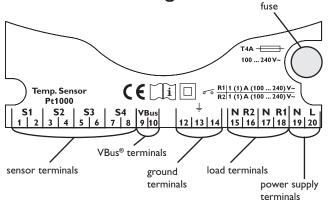


Note:

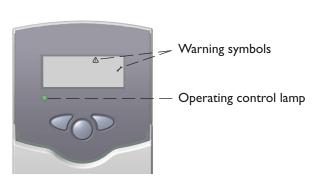
Whenever a reset has been completed, the controller runs the commissioning menu again (see chap. 3).



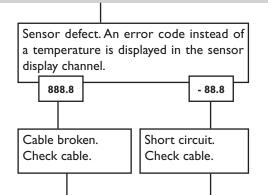
5. Troubleshooting



In the case of an error, a message is shown on the display of the controller:

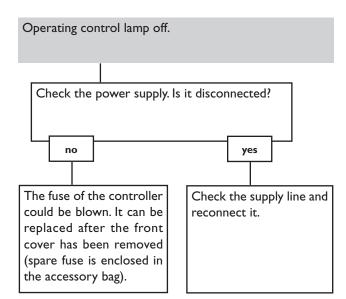


Operating control lamp flashes red. On the display the symbols \mathscr{N} and \triangle appear.



Disconnected Pt1000 temperature sensors can be checked with an ohmmeter. In the following table, the resistance values with the corresponding temperatures are shown.

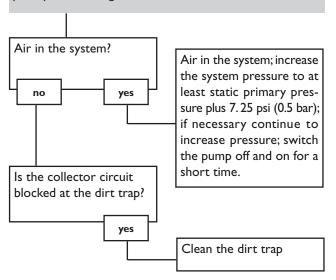
			L					
°C	°F	Ω		°C	°F	Ω		
-10	14	961		55	131	1213		
-5	23	980		60	140	1232		
0	32	1000		65	149	1252		
5	41	1019		70	158	1271		
10	50	1039		75	167	1290		
15	59	1058		80	176	1309		
20	68	1078		85	185	1328		
25	77	1097		90	194	1347		
30	86	1117		95	203	1366		
35	95	1136		100	212	1385		
40	10 4	1155		105	221	1404		
45	113	1175		110	230	1423		
50	122	1194		115	239	1442		
Resistance values of the Pt1000-sensors								



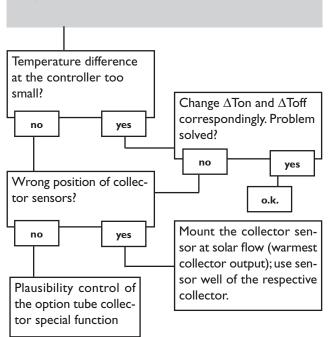


5.1 Various

Pump is overheated, but no heat transfer from the collector to the store, flow and return have the same temperature; perhaps also air / gas bubbles in the lines.



Pump starts for a short moment, switches off, switches on again, etc.



Pump starts up very late

Switch-on temperature difference Ton to large?

no

yes

Change ΔTon and ΔToff correspondingly.

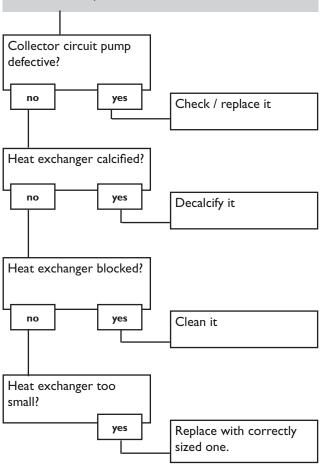
Non-ideal position of the collector sensor (e.g. flatscrew sensor instead of sensor in sensor wells)?

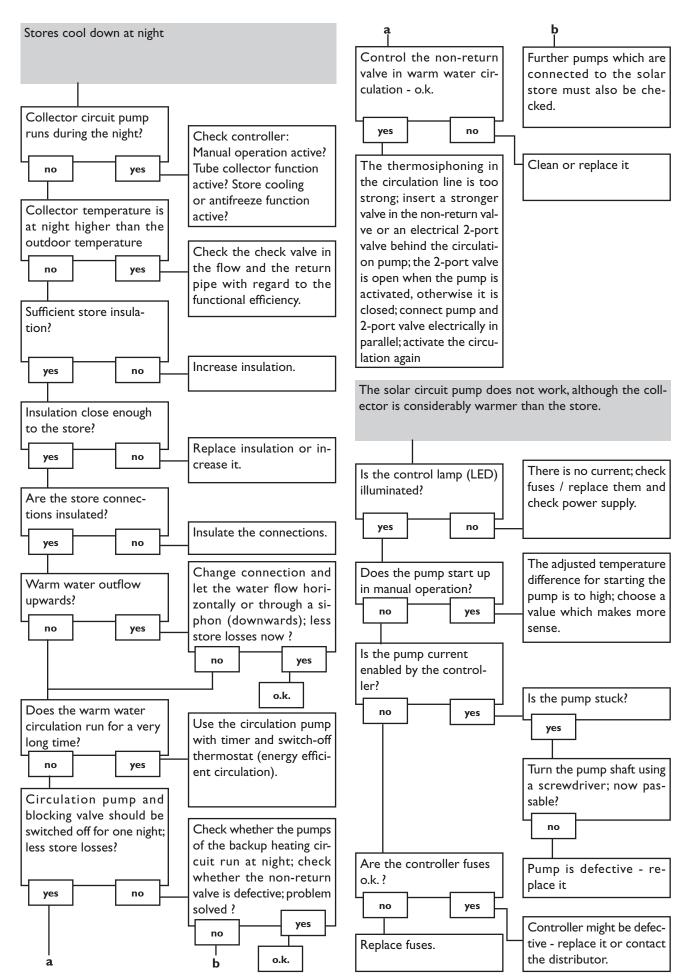
yes

Activate tube collector function if necessary.

o.k.

The temperature difference between store and collector increases enormously during operation; the collector circuit cannot dissipate the heat.







6. Accessories

Sensors

Our product range includes high-precision platinum temperature sensors, flatscrew sensors, outdoor temperature sensors, indoor temperature sensors, cylindrical clip-on sensors, also as complete sensors with immersion sleeve.

For more information, see our catalogue and price list.



Overvoltage protection device

In order to avoid overvoltage damage at collector sensors (e.g. caused by local lightning storms), we recommend the overvoltage protection RESOL SP10.

RESOL SP10 Article no.: 180 110 70



Smart Display SD3

The RESOL Smart Display is designed for simple connection to RESOL controllers with RESOLVBus®. It is used for visualizing data issued by the controller: collector temperature, storage temperature and energy yield of the solar thermal system. The use of high-efficient LEDs and filter glass assures a high optical brilliance and good readability even in poor visibility conditions and from a larger distance. An additional power supply is not required.

RESOL SD3 (unit °C) RESOL SD3 (unit °F)



Article no.: 180 004 90

Article no.: 180 007 77

Article no.: 180 006 50

Article no.: 180 007 87

Large Display GA3

The RESOL Large Display GA3 is designed for simple connection to RESOL controllers via the RESOL VBus[®]. It is used for visualizing the data issued by the controller: collector and store temperature as well as heat quantity produced in the solar system.

The use of high-efficient LEDs and antireflective filter glass assures a high optical brilliance and good readability - even in poor lighting conditions and at a larger distance.

RESOL GA3 (unit °C) RESOL GA3 (unit °F)



DL2 Datalogger

This additional module enables the acquisition and storage of large amounts of data (such as measuring and balance values of the solar system) over a long period of time. The DL2 can be configured and read-out with a standard internet browser via its integrated web interface. For transmission of the data stored in the internal memory of the DL2 to a PC, an SD card can be used.

The DL2 is appropriate for all controllers with RESOLVBus®. It can be connected directly to a PC or router for remote access and thus enables comfortable system monitoring for yield monitoring or for diagnostics of faults.

RESOL DL2 Article no.: 180 007 10



VBus® / USB interface adapter

The new VBus® / USB interface adapter is the interface between the controller and a personal computer. With its standard mini-USB port it enables a fast transmission of system data via the VBus® for processing, visualizing and archiving. A full version of the RESOL ServiceCenter software is included.

RESOL VBus® / USB interface adapter Article no.: 180 008 50



VBus® / LAN interface adapter

The VBus® / LAN interface adapter is designed for the direct connection of the controller to a PC network or router. It enables easy access to the controller via the local network of the owner. Thus, controller access and data charting can be effected from every workstation of the network. A full version of the RESOL ServiceCenter software is included.

RESOLVBus® / LAN interface adapter Article no.: 180 008 80



VBus® / PWM interface adapter

The VBus® / PWM interface adapter is used for the speed control of a pump via a PWM or 0-10 V signal. Via the VBus®, the adapter receives information from the controller about the necessary pump speed. The speed is converted into a PWM or direct voltage signal and put out to the corresponding terminals.

RESOL VBus® / PWM interface adapter Article no.: 180 008 60



AM1 Alarm module

The AM1 alarm module is designed to signal system failures. It is to be connected to the VBus® of the controller and issues an optical signal via a red LED if a failure has occurred. The AM1 also has a dry contact relay output, which can e. g. be connected to a building management system (BMS). Thus, a collective error message can be issued in the case of a system failure.

RESOL AM1 Alarm module



Article no.: 180 008 70



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Important notice:

The texts and drawings in this manual are correct to the best of our knowledge. As faults can never be excluded, please note: Your own calculations and plans, under consideration of the current standards should only be basis for your projects. We do not offer a guarantee for the completeness of the drawings and texts of this manual - they only represent some examples. They can only be used at your own risk. No liability is assumed for incorrect, incomplete or false information and / or any resulting damages.

Please note:

The design and the specifications can be changed without prior notice. The illustrations may differ from the original product.

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